

## Introduction & Data Notes

Developmental screening is an important assessment of a child’s early learning, growth, and achievement of milestones during the first three years of life. It is used to determine the need for further assessment or developmental services. Developmental screening proportions are also leveraged as an indicator of high-quality health care and tied to quality payment initiatives.

The Health Services Research (HSR) Team at the Vermont Child Health Improvement Program (VCHIP), in partnership with the Vermont Department of Health (VDH), Family and Child Health (FCH) Division, and partners, identified developmental screening as a priority measurement topic. We assessed population-level developmental screening proportions from 2015-2022 using the “Developmental Screening in the First Three Years of Life<sup>1</sup>” (DEV-CH) measure. The overall objective of this project was to examine trends over time of the proportion of 1-3-year-old children receiving developmental screening through their primary care medical home. Additionally, we examined results over time by insurance (Medicaid vs. non-Medicaid).

Our data source was the Vermont Health Care Uniform Reporting and Evaluation System (VHCURES; Vermont’s all-payer claims database). We used Chi-squared statistical tests to compare the proportion of eligible patients with a developmental screening over time, overall and within individual ages and insurance groups. For all statistical tests, we used an alpha-level of .05 to indicate statistical significance.

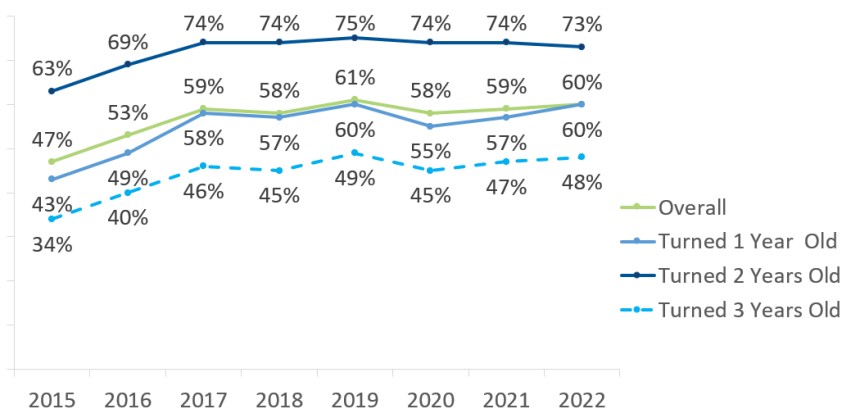
## Developmental Screening Over Time, Overall and by Age

### Key Findings

- 60% of children had a medical claim for developmental screening in 2022.
- By 2022, developmental screening increased near pre-COVID-19 pandemic levels.
- Two-year-old children had the highest percentage (73%) of developmental screening claims, and three-year-olds had the lowest.

Figure 1

### Percentage of Children with a Claim for At Least One Developmental Screen, by Age, 2015-2022

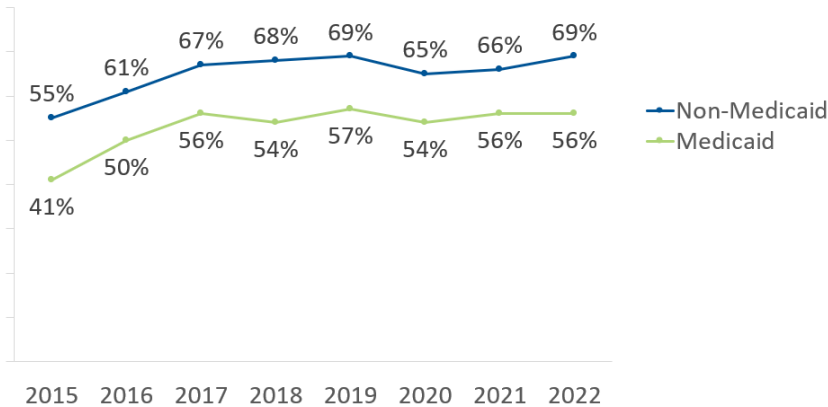


SOURCE: VHCURES Extract #3008

Note: The Vermont Health Care Uniform Reporting and Evaluation System (VHCURES) data are under the stewardship of the Green Mountain Care Board (GMCB). The analyses, conclusions, and recommendations from the VHCURES data are solely those of the study authors and are not necessarily those of the GMCB. The GMCB had no input into the study design, implementation, or interpretation of the findings.

## Developmental Screening Over Time by Insurance

**Figure 2** Percentage of Children with a Claim for At Least One Developmental Screen, by Insurance Coverage, 2015-2022



### Key Findings

- Developmental screening claims returned to pre-pandemic levels for both children with Medicaid and non-Medicaid.
- However, children insured by Medicaid (56%) were less likely to have a claim for developmental screening than children with other insurance (69%).



SOURCE: VHCURES Extract #3008

**In Vermont**, multiple efforts are supporting the provision of standardized, family-centered developmental screenings per American Academy of Pediatrics Bright Futures guidelines, and some recent efforts are listed below:

#### • Clinical Quality Improvement:

- In partnership with the VDH FCH Division, VCHIP and its practice network, Child Health Advances Measured in Practice (CHAMP), identify strategies for practice improvement and conduct quality improvement projects. Developmental screening was the focus of this work in 2009, 2016, and 2023.

#### • Systems and Technology Improvements:

- VDH built the Universal Developmental Screening Registry allowing screening results to be securely shared across clinical and community settings to ensure young children are connected to developmental supports.
- Help Me Grow-Vermont, with its mission of promoting universal developmental screening and detection, provides free online Ages and Stages Questionnaires for developmental screening for families: <https://www.helpmegrowvt.org/ages-stages-vt>
- VCHIP became the Touchpoints (<https://www.brazeltontouchpoints.org>) Center for Vermont, providing a practical, preventive approach that supports professionals in forming strengths-based partnerships with families<sup>2</sup>.

#### References

1. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (2024). *Core Set of Children's Health Care Quality Measures for Medicaid and CHIP (Child Core Set)*. Center for Medicaid and CHIP Services. <https://www.medicare.gov/medicaid/quality-of-care/downloads/medicaid-and-chip-child-core-set-manual.pdf>
2. Ayoub, C. & Vele-Tabaddor, E. (2018). Enhancing early care provider's capacity for building early relationships with families and their children: Touchpoints-informed practice. In A. S. Morris & A. C. Williamson (Eds.), *Building early social and emotional relationships with infants and toddlers: Integrating research and practice* (pp. 259–275). Springer Nature Switzerland AG. [https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-03110-7\\_11](https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-03110-7_11)

Prepared by VCHIP's Health Services Research Team, [KC Cousineau, MA](#) & [Valerie Harder, PhD MHS](#)